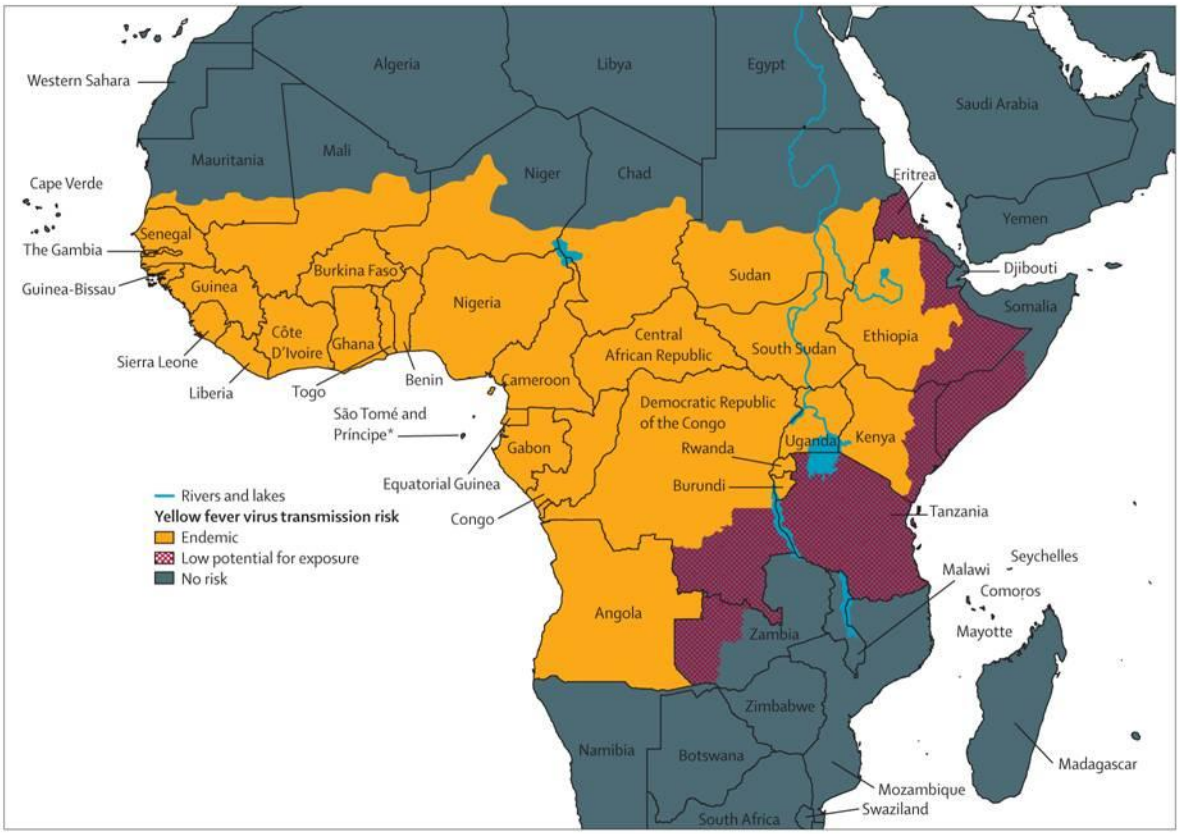
Areas with Risk of Yellow Fever Virus Transmission in Africa



Map is from the following publication: Jentes ES. Poumerol G, Gershman MD, et al. The revised global yellow fever risk map and recommendations for vaccination, 2010: consensus of the Informal WHO Working Group on Geographic Risk for Yellow Fever. Lancet Infect Dis. 2011;11:622-32.

Data Table: Countries with risk of yellow fever virus (YFV) transmission[1]

Angola	Côte d'Ivoire	Guinea	Rwanda
Benin	Democratic Republic of the Congo[2]	Guinea-Bissau	Senegal
Burkina Faso	Equatorial Guinea	Kenya[2]	Sierra Leone
Burundi	Ethiopia[2]	Liberia	Sudan[2]
Cameroon	Gabon	Mali[2]	Togo
Central African Republic	Gambia, The	Mauritania[2]	Uganda
Chad[2]	Ghana	Niger[2]	
Congo, Republic of the		Nigeria	

[1]Countries/areas where "a risk of yellow fever transmission is present," as defined by the World Health Organization, are countries or areas where "yellow fever has been reported currently or in the past, plus vectors and animal reservoirs currently exist".
[2]These countries are not holoendemic (only a portion of the country has risk of yellow fever transmission).

Countries with low potential for exposure to yellow fever virus (YFV)[1]

Eritrea[2]	Somalia[2]	Zambia[2]
São Tomé and Príncipe	Tanzania	

[1]Countries listed in this table are not contained on the official WHO list of countries with risk of YFV transmission. Therefore, proof of yellow fever vaccination should not be required if traveling from one of these countries to another country with a vaccination entry requirement (unless that country requires proof of yellow fever vaccination from all arriving travelers).
[2] These countries are classified as "low potential for exposure to YFV" in only some areas; the remaining areas of these countries are classified as having no risk of exposure to YFV.